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Amendments to the claims:

Please amend Claims 28, 31, 35-44, 49 and 53 as set forth below.

Please cancel Claims 29-30, 32-33, 45-48, 52, 54, 57, 60-63 and 70-72 are cancelled without prejudice or disclaimer.

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The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of the claims:

- 1.-27. (Canceled).
- 28. (Currently amended) A method of <u>reducingtreating a viral infection load of a</u> herpes infection in an interstitial <u>space of in</u> a mammal, the method comprising:

selectingidentifying a mammal infected by an envelope virus or suspected of having been infected by an envelope virus in an interstitial space;

providing said mammal an amount of a pharmaceutical composition consisting essentially of beta-cyclodextrin; and

measuring the reduction of the viral load of herpes in the interstitial space of administering to the mammal an amount of a cholesterol-sequestering agent effective to reduce viral load in the mammal.

- 29. (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is a cyclodextrin.
- 30. (Cancelled) The method of claim 29, wherein the cyclodextrin is a beta-cyclodextrin.
- 31. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[30]]28, wherein the beta-cyclodextrin is 2-OH-propyl-beta-cyclodextrin.

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32. (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the amount of the cholesterol-sequestering agent administered to the mammal is effective to reduce viral load in the blood of the mammal.

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- 33. (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the amount of the cholesterol-sequestering agent administered to the mammal is effective to reduce viral load in an interstitial space of the mammal.
- 34. (Original) The method of claim 28, further comprising administering to the mammal an amount of a cholesterol lowering agent effective to reduce the level of serum cholesterol in the mammal.
- 35. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered <u>provided</u> intravenously.
- 36. (Currently amended) The method of claim 35, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered <u>provided</u> by a bolus injection.
- 37. (Currently amended) The method of claim 35, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> cholesterol sequestering agent is infused into the mammal over a period of at least two minutes.
- 38. (Currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered <u>provided</u> in at least two intravenous administrations separated by an interval of at least one hour.
- 39. (Currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> cholesterol-sequestering agent is <u>administered provided</u> in at least four intravenous administrations separated by an interval of at least 12 hours.
- 40. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> eholesterol-sequestering agent is eo administered <u>provided</u> with at least one antiviral agent.
- 41. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises measuring the titer of the envelope virus after administration of providing the beta-cyclodextrin cholesterol-sequestering agent.

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42. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises measuring the titer of the envelope virus before administration of providing the beta-cyclodextrin eholesterol-sequestering agent.

- 43. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises measuring an immune response in the mammal against the envelope herpes virus after administration of providing the beta-cyclodextrin-cholesterol-sequestering agent.
- 44. (Currently amended) The method of claim 28, wherein the method comprises measuring an immune response in the mammal against the <u>envelope herpes</u> virus before <u>administration of providing</u> the <u>beta-cyclodextrin-cholesterol-sequestering agent</u>.
- 45. (Cancelled) The method of claim 28, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to a dermal surface of the mammal.
- 46. (Cancelled) The method of claim 45, wherein the mammal has a skin lesion resulting from an infection by the envelope virus, and wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is applied topically to the skin lesion.
- 47. (Cancelled) The method of claim 46, wherein the topical administration of the cholesterol-sequestering agent results in a reduction in viral load in the skin lesion.
 - 48. (Cancelled) The method of claim 46, wherein the envelope virus is a herpes virus.
- 49. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[48]]28, wherein the herpes virus is human herpes virus 1.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 48, wherein the herpes virus is human herpes virus 2.
 - 51. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 46, wherein the envelope virus is a poxvirus.
- 52. (Cancelled) The method of claim 45, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the dermal surface in the form of a cream.
- 53. (Currently amended) The method of claim [[45]]28, wherein the <u>beta-cyclodextrin</u> eholesterol-sequestering agent is co-administered provided with at least one antiviral agent.

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- 54. (Cancelled) A method of treating or preventing an infection in a mammal, the method comprising: selecting a mammal infected by a microorganism or suspected of having been infected by a microorganism, wherein during at least a portion of its life cycle the microorganism enters a cell of the mammal by endocytosis; and administering to the mammal an amount of a cholesterol-sequestering agent effective to reduce the load of the microorganism in the mammal.
 - 55. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a bacterium.

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- 56. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a mycobacterium.
 - 57. (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a virus.
 - 58. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a fungus.
 - 59. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 54, wherein the microorganism is a protozoan.
- 60. (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the upper respiratory tract of the mammal.
- 61. (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the lower respiratory tract of the mammal.
- 62. (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the mammal by inhalation.
- 63. (Cancelled) The method of claim 54, wherein the cholesterol-sequestering agent is administered to the mammal by intrathecal administration.
 - 64.-69. (Canceled).
 - 70. (Cancelled) The method of claim 57, wherein the virus is an envelope virus.
- 71. (Cancelled) The method of claim 70, wherein the envelope virus is a human herpes virus.

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72. (Cancelled) The method of claim 71, wherein the human herpes virus is human

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herpes virus 1.